MR. GLADSTONE'S POLICY SUSTAINED.

THE GOVERNMENT PRESENTING THEIR PLANS IN

THE SOUDAN AND AFGHANISTAN. LONDON, May 11.-Earl Granville, in the LONDON, May 11.—Earl Grantine, in the House of Lords, this afternoon, replying to an interrogatory put by the Marquis of Salisbury, said that the Government were unable to make any statement at present about their intentions respecting the Soudan.

In regard to the Afghan boundary question, Lord Gran-ville said that a conference upon the subject had been held between himself, the Earl of Kimberly, Secretary for India, and Baron de Staal, which resulted in an agreement perfectly satisfactory to England, Russia and the Earl of Dufferin.

Lor. Hartington, Secretary for War, stated in the House of Commons that the decision reached by the Government in regard to the Soudan practically involved Government in regard to the Sondan practically involved the abandonment of the advance to Khartoum. The Government, he said, had resolved to make Wady Halfa the most advanced position as a permanent defence of Egypt. The British troops would be withdrawn as soon as the Nile rises. It is expected that the rising will occur as the Nile rises. It is expected that the rising will occur about the end of May. The withdrawal of the troops inabout the end of May. The withdrawal of the troops involved the abandonment of the engagement to advance to Khartoum. [This statement was received with cheers from the Government benches.] Efforts would be made, said the War Secretary, to establish an administration in the province of Dongola, and to complete the Nile Railway as a commercial enterprise. General Lord Wolseley, Lord Hartington continued, had advised the Government to retire to Assouan from the Soudan. General Wolseley attached great importance to sending armed boats to Exppt to be used in patrolling the Nile. The boats to Egypt to be used in patrolling the Nile Government have no intention of evacuating Suakim until some arrangement could be effected for holding it against the hostile Arabs either by Eugland or some other civilized Power. At present Suakim could not be held without fighting. Osman Digna for many months had been besigning the place, and had frequently declared himself determined upon driving the garrison into the Red Sea. Therefore the holding of Suakim was a military and not a political question. In regard to the projected railway from Suakim to Berber, Lord Hartington said that he was unable to state what was the definite intention of the Government now, but he thought that he would soon be able to make a statement

Henry Chaplin, Conservative member for Mid-Lincoln-Henry Chaplin, Conservative member for Mid-Lincolnshire, asked how much money the Government had spent
on the Khartoum expedition, and if the som was greater
or less than the \$22,500,000 mentioned in the \$55,000,
000 as the sum requested for the Soudan account.

Mr. Gladstone replied to this interrogatory and stated
that the Government had already spent a great deal of
meacy in the Soudan, but were unable at present to say
whether any parties of the \$22,500,000 would be saved.

whether any portion of the \$22,500,000 would be saved. whether any portion of the \$22,500,000 would be saved. He then moved for a second reading of the Consolidated Fund bill (the \$55,000,000 credit). He urged his motion in a speech in which he declared that he was unable to understand the differences which existed on this subject between the Opposition and the Government. He urged the House to avoid every unnecessary issue just now, as it would be the duty of the House to pass judgment on the conduct of the Government. Mr. Gladstone announced that he was about to present some important papers in regard to the foreign policy of England in her relations with Afghanistan. He hoped that the arrangement which Earl Granville had announced in the House of Lords would be made the subject of a convention with Russia. No sooner had Mr. Gladstone done speaking than the Conservatives of ened upon him and his tovernment the bitterest attack within their power to make. This was led by the Right Honorable Lord George Prancis Hamilton, Conservative member for Middlesex. Lord Hamilton is being strongly posied forward by the Tories as a leader in the Commans. He was Under Secretary of State for India from 1874 until 1878, and spoke with some degree of authority. He secured occasion for making his attack by moving consideration of the amendment given notice of by Sir Stafford Northcote on Friday. This absendment moves on the second reading of the Consolidated Fund bill a yote of censure against the Government, and concludes in the following words: "The House, having shown their readiness to vote supplies, refuse their assent until informed of the present policy and purposes for which the money to be granted to the applied." He then moved for a second reading of the Consolidated

plies, refuse their assent until informed of the present policy and purposes for which the money to be granted is to be applied."

Lord George Francis Hamilton, in moving consideration of this amendment, said: "The Right Honorable, the Marquis of Hartington, Secretary of Istate for War, has just made the most extraordinary statement which ever fell from a Minister in this House. After announced to-might the abandoning of this Soudan lave announced to-might the abandoning of this Soudan after having murdered six or ten thousand men. Yet the Gevernment expect this House to acquiesce silently in their policy. The greatest danger to the country is the incapacity of the men in office. [Conservative cheers, Incapacity of the men in office, [Conservative cheers, Incapacity of the men in office, and the continuous education of the questions setween them and Possia. The Prime Minister has altogether abandoned the stitude by which the Government obtained the vote of credit. The great objection I have to the Premier's policy is that from the very day he assumed office until now he has shown a readiness to sacrifice anybody and anything to save himself." [Cries of "Hear! Hear:"]

Mr. Chamberlain taunted Lord George Hamilton with inconsistency in asking for information from a Government that could not be relied upon. Mr. Chamberlain said that the House would be unable adequately to judge the conduct of the Government until all the papers in the cauduct of the Government until all the papers in the cauduct of the Government until all the papers in the cauduct of the Government until all the papers in the cauduct of the Government until all the papers in Hamilton advocating the position that faith should not be placed in Russia, and that the Only ourse was to go to war. When the general elections came the Government would remind the Opposition of their policy, and it would then be seen whether or not the country was tired of peace.

ment would remind the Opposition of their policy, and would then be seen whether or not the country was tired of peace.

Sir Stafford Northcote denied that the Conservatives desired to fight Russia. He said they only wanted a distinct frontier arrangement with the Ameer in order to enable England to defendit, and a clear treaty with Russia defining the points beyond which an advance would be regarded as a cause belli.

Mr. Gladstone said that Sir Stafford Northcote repudiated the grounds of the motion which had been proposed and approved by his supporters. The Opposition had pressed the motion without waiting for the promised papers, and made up for their deficiency of knowledge by a variety of baseless suppositions. When the papers were presented, it might appear that Sir Peter Lumsden had returned in full conformity with the Government's policy and that a frontier had been secured through the friendly relations between Lord Dufferin and the Ameer. It might also be found that when the Government took a gloomy view of their position, they were doubtful of gaining the objects they were contending for, and that his more cheerful speech on the following Monday was made when those objects had been gained. It was not without deep pain and regret that he had seen the change in the attitude of the Opposition as soon as the blessed prospect of peace appeared, and when it was found war had been averted, which would have been a calmaily to England, Russia, civilzed manday and the whole world. Lond and prolonged cheers.

Mr. Gladstone said that the Government was acting in exercerd with the Ameer's wishes. He hoped to present papers by the end of the week in support of the arrangement.

Henry Chaplin, Conservative, said that the expendi-

Henry Chaplin, Conservative, said that the expenditure of so much blood and treasure and the ruin that had been caused in the Sondan were due to efforts to save the seats of an imbecile Ministry.

Lerd Randolph Churchill, Conservative, admitted that the meaning of the amendment was to enable the Ministers to quit their seats with grace and dignity. The Tories, he said, had shown that they were not the war party, but that those who had obtained the vote of £11,000,000 were.

Lord George Hamilton's motion was defeated by a vote of 290 to 260. The majority consisted entirely of Liberals. The Parnellites voted with the minority. The Hones received the result rather listicastly.

After the division the bill was read the second time. The House of Comisons ordered the Redistribution of Seats bill to a third reading by a vote of 116 to 33.

While the Duke of Argyll was speaking in the House of Lords the reers were startled by a piercing shriek from Baron Pormer, a Liberal. He sprang to his feet and then fell to the floor. It was soon seen that the Baron was in a fit and uncounselus. Doctors were summoned and they succeeded in restoring him to consciousness.

It is reported that the Gorernment, in order to close a bargain with the Farmellites for their support on the vote of credit to-morrow, have prointed to increase the grant for registration expenses in Ireland.

DEITISH AGENT AT HERAT.

LONDON, May 11 .- The Ameer of Afghanistan has agreed to allow a Britisn agent to live at Herat. In the pending arrangement with Russia Earl Granville maintains the right of Eugland to hold exclusive relations with the Aneer, who will communicate with foreign Powers through the Indian Government.

TRIAL OF CUNNINGHAM AND BURTON. LONDON, May 11 .- The trial of Cunningham and Burton, for alleged complicity in the dynamite out-rages at Westminster Hall and the Tower of London, was begun this morning. Little public interest is manifested in the trial. The prosecution is conducted by Sir Henry James, Q. C., Attorney-General, and Sir Farrar Herschell, Q. C., Solicitor-General, assisted by Messrs. Pollard, Poland and Wright. In addition to Messrs. Quilliam and Meaney for the defence, Frederick Little appears as special counsel for Burton, and Messrs. Richards and Henry W. Duke for Cunningham. Attorneyards and Henry W. Duke for Cunningham. AttorneyGeneral James opened the case for the prosecution. He
stated that they expected to prove that Cunningham was
guilty of causing the explosion at the Tower of London
and that Burton was the author of the outrage at the
Victoria Railway Station. The trial was adjourned until to-morrow. The evidence submitted to-day was only
a repetition of the testimony at the preliminary trial.
Judge Hawkins granted permission to Messrs. Little
and Richards to talk with the prisoners. The governor
of the prison refused to allow them to hold a conference
unless the warders were present. The counsel, finding
their protests were in valu, retired, but will complain to
the court to-morrow.

PRESTAN, THE REBEL, BESIEGING CARTHAGENA. PANAMA, via Galveston, May 11 .- Five hunared men arrived from Buenaventura yesterday, and

300 more are on the way. The Colombian Guard, which fought Prestan at Colon, have also arrived here with about 100 prisoners, who were falsely reported as drowned. Prestan is besigning Cartharena, and was received in the rebol camp, which was illuminated in his about 100 prisoners, who were falsely reported as drawned. Prestants besteging Carthagena, and was re-ceived in the rebel camp, which was illuminated in his honor, with "Viva Prestant".

WASHINGTON, May 11.-Admiral Jouett has informed the Navy Department that he has gone to Carthagena, which place is still besieged.

VIEWS OF THE COLOMBIAN MINISTER. REVOLUTIONISTS TURNED PIRATES—SATISFIED WITH THE CONDUCT OF THE GOVERNMENT,

Senor Becerra, Minister Resident at Washington from the United States of Colombia, gave an interview to a TRIBUNE reporter at the Victoria Hotel on Saturday evening, and in answer to an inquiry about the condition of affairs in that somewha about the condition of alliurs in that some tempestaous country, said: "The constitutional government, of which Dr. Nuncz is the President, is now firmly established in seven of the nine States. The seven States which acknowledge his authority are the most populous and wealthy ones. The two States in which revolution is still going on are Bohvia and Magdalena on the Atlantic Coast. The Interior of these States is peaceful, but the coast, including the principal towns of Baranquilla and Santa Martin, is in hands of revolutionists. I am in constant receipt of telegrams from the President and members of his Cabinet, and can predict the speedy overthrow of the remnant of the revolution, General Camarco, the principal and ablest leader of the revolution, has fled to Venezuela, and is without troops, arms or influence. The Panama affair has ended in the complete restoration of the Government. The commanding officer at Panama, Colonel Reyes, is a wealthy merchant of the State of Cauca, an honest, strong, capable and highly respected man, whose presence there will certainly bring order and peace. He was recently received with honor at the Brazilian Court, where he had become known through his explorations of the interior of South America. The revolution, started in political scheming, degenerated rapidly into pillage, robbery and destruction like that encouraged by Prestan and Ruiz at Colon."

"What has become of the followers of the revolution: 11. tempestuous country, said: "The constitutional gov-

"What has become of the followers of the revolutionist!"

"Those who escaped have possession of steamers of
the old canal company and are plying along the coast
as pirates. There is a work for this Government, which
would be gratefully received by ours, in my opinion. If
would like to see the American ships in those waters apprehend and deal with those pirates. They could do so,
without question, under Section 5,370 of the Revised
Statutes of the United States.

"Has the action of the United States Government at
Panama been satisfactory to yours!"

"I think the conduct of the United States Government has been right in every respect. While all the members of this Government deserve commendation, I have
special motives for being gratified with the course of
Mr. Eayard in the management of this affair."

THE INSURRECTION IN THE NORTHWEST. OTTAWA, May 11 .- In the House of Commons this afternoon Sir John A. Macdonald said that the Government knew nothing more about the engagement with Riel's troops near Eatouche on Saturday than what

had already appeared in the papers. He also stated that no correspondence had been held with the Imperial Government with a view to mediation with the rebels. St. Paul, May 11 .- In an interview last night, John McLane, of Bismarck, who has just returned from Win-nipeg, said: "The Government has advices that men from Chicago, New-York and Boston are with Riel, and from Chicago, New-York and Boston are with Riel, and that a master mind, not Riel's, is directing the movements of the half-breeds. Old fimers regard General Middleton's success at Batonche as absolutely necessary to prevent the Indians from uprising en masse. Supplies are short and about all must come from this side of the line. North Dakota is now drained of horses, hay, oats, etc. It is believed there are about 1,500 half-breeds in the field, 6,000 Indians ready to take the warpath, and only 4,000 troops to oppose them.

Toronto, May 11.—The Globe's dispatch says: The Princess Louise's Northwest Committee issued their first appeal to the public for subscriptions to-day. About 21,000 were promised to-day. The utmost dispatch possible will be shown in sending surgeons and materials.

Monthal, May 11 (Special).—The Montreal Garrison Artillery started this afternoon for the front. The brigade numbers 304 men, under the command of Colonel Oswald, and will remain at Winnipeg for garrison duty. The Stock Exchange, of which Colonel Oswald is one of the prominent members, adjourned to allow the members to bid good-bye and God-speed to their comrade.

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

PRESS CENSORSHIP IN EGYPT.—Press correspondents at Suskim are telegraphing complaints to Landon concerning the arbitrary way in which the unitiary censorality over dispatches to newspapers is at present exercises. The correspondents say that they are not permitted to send important news at all.

send important news at all.

ENTERTAINED BY THE PRINCE OF WALES.—Mr. Lowell and other members of the various legations attended the levee of the Prince of Wales to-day.

MISHAPS TO VESSELS AT SEA. HALIFAX, May 11 .- The schooner Mary B.,

at Arichat, reports that she fell in with the schooner Keetsa, of Lockport, and took off her crew. The Keetsa encountered heavy gales and was hove down so that her

encountered heavy gales and was hove down so that her masts had to be cut to right her. The crew, before leaving, spilled kerosene and set are to the wreck.

The American itshing schooner Concord went ashore on the western end of Crienton's Island, near West Arichat, on Saturday night in a thick fog, and will become a total wreck.

Exports of disasters to shipping by tee and storm are coming in from all along the coast. The steamer Cocoans, from Boston for Sidney, being unable to reach that port because of the enormous quantity of ice off Scataric, has arrived at Port Hawksbury.

Captain Schoonhoven, of the steamer Helvetin, reports that the German steamer Kerhwieder, which left Cape Ray in Company with the Helvetia, knew of the sinking condition of the latter, and rendered no assistance. Captain Schoonhoven and the crew will arrive here by rall to-morrow. The Helvetia's cargo was worth \$100,000.

The Norwacian steamer Minerya, of Recent capitales.

rall to-inorrow. The Event Stock, and to-inorrow. The Norwegian steamer Minerva, of Berges, coalladen, from Glace Bay for Montreat, left Glace Bay on Saturday morning and at moon struck the less at Ingonish damaging her bows. She arrived with bulkheads full of the coallage of the coall

water.

The steamer Portia, from St. John's for New-York, ar Trived at Halifax to-day, and reports that on the day she left St. John's, Samuel Graham, a seaman and at American, fell down the hold while drunk. He was found dead next morning.

A HANDSOME PRICE FOR A BOOK. London, May 12 .- Quaritch has bought Lefevre's "Recuyell of Historyes of Troye," the first book printed in English, for £1.820. The same copy was sold in 1756 for eight guineas.

TONQUIN TO BE EVACUATED IN JUNE. HANOI, May 11.—The Viceroy of Yunnan promises a complete evacuation of Tonquin by June 6. General Negrier has sufficiently recovered from his would to re-

sume command, which he will do forthwith.

PARIS, May 11.—La Francistates that China has reolved to dethrone King Norodom and to arrest a number of Mandarins at Hue because of the persistent con-tinuance of the conspiracy between the Courts of Anam and Cambodia against the rights and authority of France I Cambodia against it. Cochin China.
Cochin China.
The committee of the Chamber of Deputies which has a considering the Exyptian financial convention has animously approved it.

FRAGMENTS OF CABLE NEWS. BERLIN, May 11.—The Reichstag to-day voted in favor of the proposal to make the duty on wheat three marks. Prince Bismarck said that Spain had renounced the fixed duty on wheat.

Dublin, May 11.—A new trial of the action for libel brought by Secretary Cornwall, of the Post Office, against William O'Brien has been ordered. The first trial, in which Mr. Cornwall placed his damages at £5,000, went against him.

Paris, May 11.—It is announced that France has ma-fresh annexations on the southwest coast of the Re-Sea and south of the present French possessions at Obo The new acquisitions are said to include the port Doungarata, and comprise a vast territory peopled to two powerful tribes.

PARIS, May 11.—Mr. Morton on Wednesday will formally present to the President of the Municipal Council, on the Place des Etats Unis, the statue given to the city by American citizens. Berlin, May 11.—The formal announcement of the appointment of Herbert Blamarck as Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs was made to-day.

PARIS, May 11 .- The Suez Canal Commission had two animated sessions to-day, but failed to arrive at any cision. It is stated that all the other Powers object the English scheme for the management of the canal.

ROME, May 11.—It is reported that M. Jules Ferry has bone, may 11.—It is reported that M. Jules Ferry has obtained a secret interview with the Pope, and has promised, in return for the support of the clergy in the coming elections, to strengthen the concordat if he shall be returned to power. Cardinal Czacki, who is a friend of M. Ferry, urges the Pope to assent to such an agree-

THE WAR ON SUNDAY AMUSEMENTS.

PHILADELPHIA, May 11 (Special).-As usual the outdoor amusements of the poorer classes. Every effort is made to close the gardens on Sunday and it is not yet known whether they will even be allowed the park concerts which were so successful last year on that day. at the beginning of summer the war has begun against

LANGSTER ATTEMPTS TO ESCAPE.

WASHINGTON, May 11 .- Langster, the murderer of Police Officer Fowler, who is to be hanged in this city on Friday, made a desperate attempt to escape the central court of the jail by an iron fence, and when

THE FIRE RECORD.

SUPPRESSING FLAMES IN A COLLIERY. GIRARDVILLE, Penn., May 11 .- Work at the Preston, No. 3 colliery was resumed this morning. fire in the gangway is still burning, but that part of the mine has been closed, thus enabling the miners to work in the east and west sides. The water is still running in and it is believed that the fire will soon be extinguished.

A COAL MINE BURNING FIERCELY. PITTSBURG, May 11.—The Hampton Coal Mine at Wilkinsburg, Penn., eight miles east of this city, caught fire to-night and is burning flereely. A numb of miners were at work when the fire broke out. but all escaped uninjured. The mine is one of the largest in the district and as it will have to be flooded the loss will be heavy.

LOSSES IN VARIOUS PLACES.

Boston, May 11.-A fire in Chelsea to-day destroyed the buildings occupied by Charles Kibby and T. H. Back & Co. as a planing and wool working establishment, and by John J. Fitzpatrick'and Amos Kincald, buildings, the heirs of Thomas Cunningham, will reach about \$4,000; insured. Fitzpatrick loses \$10,000, insured for \$8,740; Buck & Co., \$1,500; uninsured; C. Kibby, \$3,000, and A. K. Kincaid, \$1,000; partially insured. furniture manufactures. The loss to the owner of the

LAFAYETTE, Ind., May 11.—Barboe & Co.'s wireworks were partly burned yesterday, the loss amounting to \$4,000. The Fireman's of New-Jersey, Home of Callfornia, and Farmer's of York, Penn., carried an insurance of \$1,000 each on uniterial and machinery.

HOUGHTON, Mich., May 11.—The tug Cora, at Sheldon,

was discovered to be on fire yesterday, and was scuttled and sunk in about fifteen feet of water. The tug is a new one. Sie is insured for \$5,000.

St. Louis, Mo., May 11.—A dispatch from Jefferson City, Mo., to The Post-Dispatch says that in the

absence of Henry Stevens and his wife from their ho on Saturday, the house was burned down and two their children perished in the flames.

WEST UNION, Iowa, May 11.—This place suffered from a severe fire yesterday which burned seven wooden buildings. The loss is \$15,000; insurance \$7,200.

PROGRESS OF MR. SINGERLY'S THEATRE. PHILADELPHIA, May 11 (Special).-The building of the new theatre in Masonic Hall proceeds, and as it is to be conducted at popular prices, the opposition is beginning to declare itself. Mr. Singerly, the owner of the property, a man of great wealth, is not sparing his money in making the house in every respect substantial and safe. The entire plan has been submitted to the Building Commission and no objections are raised. There will be sufficient exits and entrances, and in every particular the house will be one of the most comevery particular the house will be one of the most comfortable and commodious in the country. The extraordinary success of Kellar, the magician, has encouraged
Mr. Singerly in this outlay, though Mr. Kellar himself
will continue to occupy his small hall. Kellar lineself
will continue to occupy his small hall. Kellar is declared by the spiritualists to be one of the greatest mediums who ever lived. At all of this Kellar laughs and
declares that everything he does is mere trickery. His
performances are being investigated by the committee
which is making an examination of spiritualism at the
University of Pennsylvania. The money for this investigatic, was left by an eccentric Philadelphian, and Kellar is called to controvert the testimony and experiments
of the so-called mediums.

Syracuse, May 11 (Special) .- A report in circulation here to-day that W. B. Phelps has resigned his place as superintendent of the Oswego and Syracuse Di sources. W. K. Never will be his successor. The resignation of Mr. Phelps will invoive numerous other nation of Mr. Phelps will invoive namerous other changes. Among those who will retire is Thomas Murphy, roadmaster of the Oswego and Syracuse Division. His successor will be Ecadimaster Februl. John R. Pierre, assistant to Superintendent Phelps, and Train-Dispatcher Femul will have to give place to other men. Mr. Phelps will be appointed superint indeat of the buildings, treaties and wharve of the company in Oswego. The alogs will be respoyed to Scranton, which will throw out of employment a large number of men.

TOO MUCH BASEBALL, COWBOY AND INGERSOLL. St. Louis, May 11 (Special).—The preachers weavery that while the aggregate attended unches on Sunday was not more than ten thousand try thousand people witnessed a cowhoy exhibition as a Pair Grounds, twenty thousand attended various sobal games, twenty thousand spent the day in become and five thousand heard two lectures by "Babgersoll. The newspapers want the people to have the

WIFE MURDER BY A DRUNKEN MAN.

PHILADELPHIA, May 11 (Special).-At No 117 North Fourth-st, last night the police found the wife of Edward Morritz lying upon the bed gasping her last breath. Morritz was seen running down stairs and heard to cry, "I have shot my wife." His chole manner showed that he was in an extreme state of intoxication. The occupants of the house say that they seard the two disputing after their return. Morris ince his arrest has declared that he will convoit suicide

PHILADELPHIANS BUYING GAS STOCK. PHILADELPHIA, May 11 (Special).- A syndiate has purchased a controlling interest in the St. Louis as Company, paying 8315 a share for stock whose pa value is \$50. This syndicate is composed of Georg Shiller, of the First National Bank; P A. B. Whiener smiler, of the First National Bank; P. A. B. Whienes president of the Traction Company; William J. Elkin of the Board of Management of the Pennsylvania Itali road; John Wanamaker and J. V. Williamsoon, directurs and Henry Lewis, ex-director, of the Philadelphia and Heading Railroad; William G. Warden, of Warden, Frew & Co.; James S. Masson, James A. Wright, of Peter Wright & Son; Frank McLaughlin, of The Times, and others.

SALE OF THOROUGHBRED HORSES. LOUISVILLE, May 11. - Messrs, Bruce & Woodward's second annual sale of thoroughbred horses took place this morning. Fifty-five head brought \$17,365, an average of \$316. The best prices were for Rhadaman, three years old, by Rhadaman, dam Volante by Vandal, to G. D. Wilson. of Lexington, for \$1,100 sara Bon, four years old, by Machinist. dam Schott by Imported Australian, to Colonel William Cassina Goodlee of Lexington, for \$1,050; Mory Anderson, nine years old by Ventilator, dam Queen of Scots, to L. C. Applicby, old New-York, for \$1,150.

CHARGED WITH TRAIN ROBBERY. BLOOMINGTON, Ind., May 11.—The work of the detectives has resulted in apparently fixing the guilt f the recent robbery of the express safe and the mu

ferous assault on the messenger and baggare-master or lliam Wright, whose parents live near Harroduburg a short distance from the scene of the robbery. a snorr distance from the seems of the formal was a short time ago in the regular army, and was also a cowboy in Texas. He left his home in this county on the day of the robberg. A photograph of Wright, taken two years ago, was sent to New-Albany, and Peter Weber, the bageage-master, feels confident that he is the man. Wright was arrested to-day in Terra Haute.

SICK FROM EATING BOLOGNA SAUSAGE. Reading, Penn., May 11 (Special).-Albert Christman, living near Allentown, and his wife and seven children, ate a quantity of bologna sansage yesterday. Last night all except two of the children, who had eaten sparingly, were seized with ylolent retelin the stomach accompanied by intense pain. Mrs. Christman and three of the children are in a critical condition and their recovery is regarded as doubtful. The sausage was bought at a store near by and was found to be tainted.

BLOWING UP A HOUSE WITH DYNAMITE. CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 11 .- A house occu-

pied by Lizzie Blunt and Minnie Bell was blown up by dynamite at 5 a. m. on Sunday. An eight-inch cartridge, packed in a piece of gas-pipe, was laid on the porch, and packed in a piece of gas-pipe, was laid on the porch, and exploded. The house was so badly damaged that it looks as if it had been shelled with grape shot. A piece of iron passed through a pillow on which Lazzle Blunt's head was lying, and on through the foot board, without injuring her. Two young white men have been arrested on suspicion, and are held for trial.

MEMBERS OF THE BUZZARD FAMILY ARRESTED. LANCASTER, Penn., May 11 .- Mart and John Buzzard, Mathias Houck, Jacob Marshal, Isaac Wimm, Levi and David Peters, Henderson Marshal and Jacob Levi and Davia Peters, incacerson satisfies and a Armstrong, the last four colored, all residents of the Welsh Mountains, were arrested to-day charged with harboring "Abe" Buzzard and secreting him from the officers of the law. They were brought to this city and committed to prison in default of \$300 bail.

CLOSING THE CORE OVENS. PITTSBURG, Penn., May 11 .- Ten per cent of the coke ovens controlled by the Connellaville syndicate

THE BILL EXEMPTING SOLDIERS FROM EXAMINA-TION PASSED BY THE ASSEMBLY. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

ALBANY, May 11.—The Assembly to-day assed Mr. Earl's bill practically exempting soldiers and sailors from examination under the Civil Service Reform law. The bill was clearly recognized as an attempt to break down the law. Twenty-four votes were re-corded against it and they were cast by twenty Republicans and four Democrats. Mr. Church warned the Assembly that the people would punish any such direct attack on the law.

General Curfis declared that the soldiers did not desire

Mr. Husted said that only "political bummers' vored the bill, but Mr. Earl, General Barnum and Mr. Raines made war speeches and by other appeals to sentiment passed the bill.

Walter Howe, before it passed, presented remon-strances signed by hundreds of persons against its adoption. These, Mr. Burnham, of Wayne County, said st have been manufactured.

Mr. Hasbrouck argued in support of the bill that the soldiers had been pensioned and that therefore it was equally just to a man who was "lame in his intelligence" to favor him if he was a soldier, as he had no time to go to school while fighting for his country.

Walter Howe thought it bad polley for Republicans to vote for a bill which clearly was intended to cripple their Civil Service law. Such a poley should be left to the Democrats, who are searching for the spoils of office.

Mr. Hubbell said: "There can be no question but that this bill is an attack upon Civil Service Reform. It is but one of several bills offered this session, in every instance by a Democrat, each of which seeks to exempt a particular class of men from the operation of Civil Service rules. To the credit of the Republican majority be it said, that these bills have all been killed excepting the one now before us. This is not a question of favor to the veterans. It is simply a question as to whether we shall allow Civil Service, which has been established for the benefit of soldiers and civilians alike, to be broken down by covert Democratic measures, sought to be passed under the gulse of friendship for the soldier. It comes with land grace from the Democratic oppose Civil Service. The only good thing they did in 1883 was to pass the Civil Service law. The present Democratic President in his message announced himself in favor of Civil Service reform. So has the present Democratic Governor and the Democratic Mayor of New-York, Yet the Democrate minority have been indirectly attacking this law of 1883 during this entire session."

The bill was passed by a vote of 84 to 24.

BILLS ACTED UPON BY THE SENATE. Walter Howe thought it bad policy for Republicans to

BILLS ACTED UPON BY THE SENATE. APPROPRIATION FOR THE NEW CAPITOL-THE CUL-LEN GAS BILL PASSED.

INC. THE PROPERTY TO THE TRIBUSE, 1 ALBANY, May 11 .- The Capitol appropriation bill was taken up by the Senate as a special order this evening. The provision for an advisory com-mission and the abolition of the office of Deputy Superintendent held by Daniel Manning's henchman, McIntyre, was acquiesced in by the Democratic side of the Senate and elicited uo disission. But in order to gain a little capital with the workmen on the building they supported a motion to in-crease the appropriation from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. Jacobs then moved to make it \$000,000. This was lost by a vote of 17 to 13. M. C. Murphy next tried his hand at tickling the crowd in the gallery by making the sum \$500,000, which was also lost by the same vote Mr. Thacher moved an amendment that the stone to be

worked under the appropriation shall be cut and dressed

has sent to min. The amendments are for the beneat of the dealers in canned goods, who are put on an equal posting with the packers.

Mr. Jacobs gave notice of a motion to be made at some attree time to suspend Rale 17 so that nominations by as Governor may be acted upon by the Senate on the time day that they are made and without reference to a smaller.

ame day that they are made and without rescence to sommittee.

Mr. Low's Adironduck bill as amended by the Assembly with the provisions of the substitute bill passed by the Assembly on Friday was announced.

Mr. Thomas asked that the Senate non-concur in the amendments so far as belaware is concerned.

Mr. Low read telegrams from representatives of the organizations interested in the bill, urging its immediate onselerations to that the Governor might nominate the ommissioners to the Senate. The bill, by consent, was laid over until to-morrow.

The following nominations for trustees of the Homosodike Asylum of Moldistown were confirmed; Grimnell East, Ural C. Hayes, Nathaniel W. Vali, and Rollin H. synde.

VETO OF THE APPROPRIATION BILL ITEMS.

ALBANY, May 11 .- A question being raised the appropriation for the Adirondack survey, the State survey, the increase in salaries and other items which were disapproved are without any doubt effective.

TRIAL OF T. J. CLUVERIUS.

RICHMOND, Va., May 11 .- The trial of T. J. rverius for the marder of Fannie Lillian Madison was sumed at 11 o'clock this morning. The Deputy Ser ant, who had gone to Alexandria for talesmen, pre must to the Court a list of fifty. Colonel Aylett, of small for the prosecution, stated to the Court that it ad come to his knowledge that James L. Ellett, one of he jurors, had said since he had been accepted that he hought the prisoner guilty. He knew that fact inured o the benefit of the Commonwealth, but the prosecu ion made the same objection to him as it had made in the other cases. Two witnesses testified to the fact stated by Colonel Aylett. Ellett was questioned on the subject, but denied positively that he had made use of the expression charged. The Court, however, disnarged him and imposed a fine of \$25 for contempt disregarding the instructions of the Court. At the ame time Judge Atkins told another jurer, A. S. Hooper, hat he was also discharged. Hooper's discharge was he result of information received by Judge Atkins that is (Hooper, before being summoned, had openly said hat he thought Cinverius ought to be hanged, showing dainly that he had not only formed, but expressed a ceded opinion. The calling of the list of talesmen from Alexandria was

decided opinion.

The calling of the list of falesmen from Alexandria was then proceeded with, and after about thirty names had been caited, the pauel of sixteen was completed. The attorneys for the defence struck of four names after vainly endeavoring to have the pauel increased to twenty-four, and the juriors were aworn. The indictment was read, the prisoner standing apparently unmoved through the recital of the thirteen counts against him.

FOR SERVICES IN MAKING GAS COSTLY. BALTIMORE, May 11 .- Until a few months go the competition between the two gas companies of this city gave to consumers gas at \$1 per 1,000 feet. A ise was effected by which consumers were obliged to pay an advance of 60 per cent, if paid within a limited time, or 70 per cent if after ime. To-day suit claiming \$50,000 was entered ago the Consolidated Company by W. W. Gibbs for servendered in effecting the compromise between the

PATRICK FITZPATRICK'S ESTATE. PHILADELPHIA, May 11 (Special).-An invenory filed to-day of the estate of Patrick Fitzpatrick, fathof W. V. McGrath, shows personal property of

OUT IN TWO BY A TRAIN OF CARS. POTTSVILLE, Penn., May 11 (Special).-While attempting to get on a moving coal train to-day John Riler, a railroad laborer whose home is at Albany, was run over and cut in two.

PHILLIPSBURG, N. J., May 11.-Mrs. James Ellenberg, of New Village, Warren County, committed suicide this morning by drowning in the Morris Canal.

DROWNING HERSELF IN A CANAL.

tabbed John Henry Runkle, his son in-law, was to-day admitted to \$5,000 ball, which he easily secured.

GENERAL GRANT NOT SO WELL. PASSING A BAD NIGHT-FEEBLE, BUT ABLE TO TAKE A DRIVE.

It was after 10 a. m. yesterday, two hours ater than usual, when General Grant got up from his chair and was dressed. He neither looked nor felt well. His eyes were deep sunken and his face had the haggard and care-worn expression that has been absent for several weeks. He had passed a bad night and the effect of it was visible not only in his appearance, but in his mental de-pression. Prior to midnight he tried in vain to sleep, and it was after I a. m. when he fell into a sound slum-ber. Between this time and daylight he was awake every few moments and moved about uneasily. Food was given to him frequently, in order, if possible, to

was given to him frequently, in order, if possible, to counteract the nervous excitement which had taken possession of him, but he could not sleep. Sharp, intermittent pains shot through his throat and neck, and though he did not complain, yet there was evidence that he suffered greatly. He took a cup of coffee soon after sunrise and then, becoming easier, obtained the only sound sleep that he had. Dr. Douglas remained with the General, as his condition required a closer watch than he has been given to him in many days.

The patient improved after he had been up for a while and had taken several trips through the room and the adjoining hallway, and at noon he went driving in the Park with Mrs. Grant. He walked feebly to the carriage and his face wore an anxious expression. He appeared refreshed when he returned and walked up the stoop with a more vigorous step. In the afternoon he worked at his book, but not steadily, and was inchined to be quiet. Before dinner he took a nap, which brightened him up considerably, and he ate food for the first time during the day with a relish. The General is anxious for warm, settled weather, and thinks that his anticipated trip to Mt. McGregor will be of great benefit to him.

Dr. Douglas called at 10 p. m. and found the General's

to him.

Dr. Douglas called at 10 p. m. and found the General's throat better than it was in the morning, though it was not in as favorable condition as for the last two weeks, and was exceedingly irritable to the touch. After the invalid had received an injection of morphia, he settled down in his easy chair, but dui not show much inclination to sleep.

AIDING THE SUFFERERS IN PLYMOUTH. ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY FAMILIES NEEDY-THE

WILKESBARRE, Penn., May 11 .- Drs. French and Shakespeare, of Philadelphia, made three post-mortem examinations this afternoon at Plymouth, again showing that the disease prevalent there is true typhoid fever. One hundred and fifty families are provided for by the relief committee. Contributions have been received to the amount of \$2.400, but this will meet only temporary need. There were three deaths and four funerals this afternoon. Two deaths occurred last night and thirteen new cases were reported.

The new hospital for the reception of pa

tients afflicted with the fever was formally opened this morning. Only those who have homes will be admitted. Medical attendance and nurses will be free. Two additional nurses from New-York arrived this morning and at once went to work. A large quantity of medicine was transferred from the Wikkesbarre Hospital to Plymouth this morn-

from the Wilkesbarre Hospital to Prymouth this morning.

Wilkesbarre is being canvassed to-day by a committee of prominent residents soliciting aid for the fever-stricken people. The money received from outside sources is already expended. On one street in the town, for lower are some eighteen families that must be kept in bread and menicine. All the members are sick with the disease, including the male members, and as a consequence there is no income. It costs \$40 a day to keep these families alone. Scattered in various other parts of the city there are about eighty cases which are daily in receipt of aid from the relief committee. There were two deaths last hight and thirteen new cases.

Mayor Grace has received a small amount of money for the sufferers at Plymouth. He wishes the public to know that he will receive subscriptions and forward them to the Relief Committee of Plymouth.

Baltimore, May 11 (Special).-The Bankers and Merchants' Telegraph Company in this city is threatened with an inglorious collapse in a few days. There are two receivers of the company in Maryland, Francis R. Stevens and John L. Graham. The first rep-Francis R. Stevens and John L. Graham. The first represented the creditors of the company in the State, of whom he was one of the largest until the New-York receivers settled with him to keep him from selling out the company here, as he threatened to do. Mr. Graham is supposed to represent the New-York receivers. The two from the start agreed to disagree, one wanting to make sure of his commissions as receiver before the employes were paid and the other wanting the men paid because his colleague desired the opposite done. To-day Receiver Stevens filed a bill praying that the concern be said out for the benefit of the creditors in this State, and asking that Mr. Graham be dismissed. Mr. Graham objects to the saie of the property here, subject to a mortgage of \$10,300,000, as the creditors will get nothing.

BANKS CUTS HIS THROAT WITH A RAZOR. PITTSBURG, May 11 (Special.)-Isaac Banks, the lover of Lena Steubenrach, went out of his cell this morning into the jail hall and asked a colored prisoner and Hanks, watching his opportunity, suddenly snatched the razor from his hands and deliberately drew the binde across his throat, from ear to ear. the floor. He died this afternoon.

Panks evidently had laid his plans yesterday. He left Panks evidently had had his plans yesterday. He left two letters, one addressed to the warden of the fall giving minute directions for the disposal of his body. The other was tear-stained, and seemed to be the last words of a broken-hearted man. It was addressed "My darling Lena," and in it the wretched man wrote as if the girl who died last week were still in the land of the living. He went on to say that he was not guilty of any crime, and had truly loved "Lena" as none other ever had done. He said that he was tired of life and would "now be with Lena again."

THE PITTSBURG TRUNK MYSTERY.

CHICAGO, May 11.-Augustine Jurado, the Sicilian, who was brought back from New-York by Detective Bonneld to answer to the charge of murdering Filippo Caruso, the man who was found dead in a trunk at Pittsburg, is now locked up at the Central Police Station. Last evening he was taken from his cell to the private office of Lieutenants Shea and Kipley. Detec tive Bouffeld and Officer Morris, the Italiae policeman who has done most of the work on the case, were also in who has done most of the work on the case, were also in the room. Jurado, after much questioning, said that he took the trunk to the station, and also that he started to New-York with Victoria Camirito the next day. When asked whether he knew what was in the trunk he en-deavored to evade the question, but when cornered deflantly said that he did not know. Jurado finally broke down and committed himself in several partic-niars, and when he was at last brought out he was evi-dently much frightened. The officers were jubitant and it was said that the "Dogo had given himself away com-pletely."

LIKE HUNTING A NEEDLE IN A HAY STACK. Pittsburg, May 11 (Special) .- In the Court PITTSBURG, May 11 (Special).—In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 2, Judge Ewing, the case of Henry Warner, for use of the Penn Bank, against R. M. Kennedy, was called to-day. Kennedy was on the bond of President Riddle in the sum of \$50,000, and the suit is brought by Assignee Warner to recover the amount for the bank, the plaintiff claiming that by Riddle's actions the bank had been victimized to the extent of \$1,000,000. A subpena was issued for Riddle over a month ago, but the officer was mable to find him. Counsel for the defendant said: "Upon the occasion of a visit to New-York last Friday I got on board a train on one of the elevated railroads, and just as I stepped on the front platform." Judge Ewing announced that the case would be put on the list for the latter part of the week, and in the meantime an effort will be made to produce Riddle.

THE BURIAL OF INDIGENT UNION SOLDIERS. PITTSBURG, May 11 (Special) .- A meeting of the Union soldiers of Allegheny County was held tonight to consider the Governor's veto of the bill provid night to consider the Governor's veto of the bill providing for the proper burial of indigent soldiers. A resolution was adopted requesting the Senators and Representatives from this county to vote for the bill, notwithstanding the Governor's objections.

CONEY ISLAND POOLSELLERS MUST SUFFER Poughkeepsie, May 11 .- At the General Term to-day, in the case of the Coney Island pool-sellers, conviction by the Court of Sessions is affirmed. The case of Paul Bauer was argued.

MEASLES IN AN ORPHAN ASTLUM. PHILADELPHIA, May 11 (Special).-Measles are so prevalent in the Philadelphia Orphan Asylum that the twentieth anniversary exercises, which were to have taken place yesterday, have been postponed. Twelve children out of twenty-six are suffering from the disease.

A WIDOW FOR SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS. PITTSFIELD, Mass., May 11.-Mrs. Elizabeth anger, who has been a widow seventy-five years, celebrated her one-hundredth birthday anniversary on Sat-urday. She was born in Northampton but removed to this place in 1809. She has three children.

GENERAL SHERIDAN'S HORSES RUNNING AWAY. Los Angeles, Cal., May 11 .- While General Sheridan and his wife, who arrived here yesterday, were BULLERS ADMITTED TO BAIL.

POTTSVILLE, Penn., May 11 (Special).—Willtam Bullers, who, on April 20 at Mahanoy City, fatally siderably shaken up, they were not seriously injured.

PRICE THREE CENTS. SCHEMING TO BEAT LOGAN.

ILLINOIS DEMOCRATS SEEKING DELAY. SOMETHING NEW AND STARTLING PROMISED FOR

TO-DAY. CHICAGO, May 11 (Special).—The Democrats having induced Mr. Leeper, the beaten candidate for the House in the XXXIVth District, to contest Mr. Weaver's seat, the points he will make are that the Judges of the election failed to comply with the Registry law, and that the polls at some of the voting places were opened later and closed earlier than required by the election law, Good lawyers express the opinion that a successful conjudges of election failed to comply with the strict letter of the law they are amenable to punishment under the law, but that the voters of the district cannot be disfranchised, or have their ballots declared null and because of the fault of the elec-judges. The fact is the Democratic

tion judges. The fact is the Democratic managers do not seriously expect to invalidate Mr. Weaver's election, but hope to keep him out of his seat long enough to give them opportunity for further manipulation, hoping by hook or by crook to elect a Democrat to succeed General Logan.

There is an impression at Springfield that a new and startling Democratic scheme is about to be developed in connection with their Senatorial canvass, and the fact that every Democratic Senator and Representative is summoned to appear without fail at a Democratic cancus proposed for to-morrow night, gives color to the flying rumors that the party is preparing for a hereulcan effort of some kind. The Republicans have likewise summoned all their party members, and considerable interest attaches to the fight which may occur to-morrow.

"CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE" OF THE LEADERS. WASHINGTON, May 11 (Special) .- "It is orse than a disgrace," said Representative Tewnshend, to-day, speaking of the return of a Republican to the lilluois Legislature from a Democratic district. "It is criminal. There ought to be some law by which the Democratic party managers in that district could be punished for criminal negligence. Yes, I think that General Logan will be elected to the Senate. There are some of his own party opposed to him ; but the outcome

will be his return to the Senate.
"By the way, this is the second time such a thing has occurred in that District, Springer's district. It was about thirty-five years ago. The Democrats had the fun that time. They gave out that they would make no contest. The Whizs let things side along. On the eve of the election the Democrats sprung a teket, and, having caught the Whigs napping, defeated them. But the Democrats did not get their Senator. Lyman Trumbull was chosen, he going in as an Independent candidate."

WHAT NEW-HAMPSHIRE WANTS.

Washington, May 11 (Special).-The New-Hampshire delegation that recently assembled in this city on the occasion of Frank Jones's return from the South, and visited the White House and the Departments, appears to have stirred up more confusion and grumbling than is usually accomplished by one delega-tion. Frank Jones, the dissatisfied ones say, is given absolute control of the New-Hampshire patronage in consideration of his services during the Presidential ampaign, and one of the complaints is an allegation legislation at the summer session of the New-Hampshire Legislature that it wishes to postpone Hampshire Legislature that it wishes to postpone appointments and changes, so that it can control the Legislature by the united influence of Republicans who are permitted to remain in office and Democrats who expect to got in. Another cause of delay, The Critic save, is some doubt as to how much evidence the President will require in support of charges of offensive partisasship and neglect or irregularities in the discharge of duty. The three officers outside the State in which the deletion was interested are the Naval Officer, the Collect and the Surveyor, of Boston. Precedent, it is said, estes Massachusetts to name two and New-Hampshire therefore the Collectors of New-Hampshire men want Collectorship or Surveyorship, in which case Massachusetts would claim the Naval Officer and New-Hampshire would "get left."

MORE DEMOCRATIC DISSATISFACTION. Washington, May 11 (Special) .- Democrats

feel much put out on account of Mr. Graves's appoint-mentas catef of the Bureau of Eugraving and Printing. They thought that Postmaster Pearson's case was not to be considered in the light of a precedent. Yet, in this case, a Republican is not only not discussed from office, but actually promoted. The fact that Mr. Graves voted for Mr. Cleveland makes no difference in the opinion of thorough-going Democrats. Pearson, they say, did the same. Upon the appointment of the latter the President voluntarily made a promise that he would President voluntarily made a promise that he would not appoint any tore Republicaus to office, and now he breaks it, to the disgust of every right minded Democrat. There are about 1,200 positions in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing which are not protected by the Civil Service rules and which are not protected by the Civil Service rules and which are subject to partisan changes at the discretion of the head of the Ruseau. "The position to which Assistant Treasurer Graves has been appointed," remarked a prominent Democrat. "virtually controls all the patronage there is under the Treasury Department, With a spoilsman in his place the hangry and thirsty would have had a chance." Another prominent Democrat said that the list of candidates for the position to which Mr. Graves was appointed included the names of Democrats of National reputation who were supported by the party leaders and delegations from Democratic States.

POSTMASTERS APPOINTED. WASHINGTON, May 11 .- The President to-

Washington, May 11.—The President today appointed the following postunasters:

Matrice Litsch, at Mahanoy City, Penn., vice J. L.
Bricker, commission expired: John Slack, at Bristol,
Tenn., vice William Mullenix, commission expired; Mary
H. Elwards, at Cleveland, Tenn., vice William S. Tipton,
commission expired; Mrs. R. A. Hastings, at Port Gibson, Miss., vice Thomas Richardson, commission expired;
J. L. Meade, at Hazelhurst, Miss., vice George E. Matthews, commission expired; Harvey C. Moore,
at Broadhead, Wis., vice Bela W. Beebe, suspended for cause. The cause for Postmaster
Beebe's suspension was that he was found negligent
and careless in his accounts, the moneys due-the Government not being kept separately as they should have been
and only restored on demand of inspectors. He had also
falled to make reports to the department when required
and it was found necessary to his poet his office five
times within a year.

s within a year. The Postmaster-General appointed the following ourth-class postmasters: In Pennsylvania—William Jones, at Stateford; Martin Kern, at Shimoraville; L. E. Waltaey, at Wysox; B. F. Myers, at New-London; J. V. B. Leely, at Upper Strasburg; E. B. Diehl, at Lomasters. In New-York—S. E. D. Hoornbeck, at Wawarsing. In Now-Jersey—W. J. Bissett, at Helmetta.

STILL EXPECTING TO GO TO TURKEY. WASHINGTON, May 11 .- S. S. Cox to-day learned that the delegation of his constituents, who purppointment as Minister to Turkey be revoked, will not arrive here until Wednesday. The question of his final arrive nere units well and in not be determined until after the interview of the delegation with the President. Mr. Cox, however, intinuates that he still expects to go to Constantinople about the end of the present month.

HENRY B. JAMES RESIGNS. WASHINGTON, May 11.-Henry B. James, Chief of the Customs Division of the Treasury Depart

ment, has resigned, to take effect June 1. Treasury Deeartment gossip mentions T. B. Sanders as the probable successor of Mr. James.
Mr. Sanders acted as Assistant Chief of the Customs
Division for a number of years, and when the Bureau
of Navigation was formed was made its Assistant Chief.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Washington, Monday, May 11, 1885. George K. Otis's Claim. In the Court of Claims today judgment for \$16,445 was rendered in favor of George K. Oth in his suit against the United States for balance alleged to be due under a contract for carrying the mails in New-York in 1877.

THE WALES COURT MARTIAL.-The court adjouraed without announcing its decision. It is understood that it discussed a proposition to refer the question under consideration to the Attorney-General for his opinion. FRAUDULENT PENSIONS.—The Commissioner of Pen-FRAUDULENT PESSIONS.—The Commissioner of Fos-sions to-day turned into the Treasury \$1,000 recovered in a single case where there had been a fraudulent issue and payment of a pension, and in another case \$5 was received which had been paid by a claimant to his allow-ney to be used in paying the Examining Board of sur-geons for a certificate. Directions have been given for the disbarment of the attorney, and all action on the claim is suspended.

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS.—The chief of the Eurem EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS.—The chief of the Bureau of Statistics reports that the total values of the exports of domestic breadstaffs from the United States during the month of April, 1885, and during the four and ten months ended April 30, 1885, as compared with the preceding year, were as follows: April, 1884, \$12,251,178; 1885, \$14,078,251; four months ended April 30, 1884, \$133,083,318; 1885, \$135,106,338.

No. Months of the Property of the State of the S

No MONEY FOR THE COURTS.-The business of the No MONEY FOR THE COURTS.—The Dusiness of the courts in the District of Columbia has been brought to a standardly by the lack of money with which to meet necessary expenses. This morning the Criminal and Creuit Court juries were excused for a week; and temorrow the Grand Jury will be excused for a like period. In the meantime the officials of the courts will consult with the Attorney-General and see if some pian cannot be devised to tide over the interval until the appropriations for the next fiscal year become available.

MILAN, Penn., May 11 (Special).—Six prison-ers escaped from the Towarda juli to-day.